South Owner Waikato with CM System 5 2024-25 Season review May 2025 Season numbers at a glance

KPI's	Budget	Updated forecast Budget/Actuals
Milk Production (kgMS/ha)	1,845	1,739
Milk Production (kgMS/cow)	464	444
Net Dairy Cash Income (\$/kgMS)	\$9.03	\$10.94
Total Farm Working Expenses (\$/kgMS)	\$5.05	\$5.14
Cash Operating Surplus/Deficit (\$/kgMS)	\$3.97	\$5.79
Gross Farm Revenue (\$/kgMS)	\$9.02	\$10.86
Operating Expenses (\$/kgMS)	\$5.49	\$5.65
Operating Profit (\$/ha)	\$6,515	\$9,062

* These KPI's are based on cash book budget/actuals to the 31/51/2025 and estimated non-cash adjustments. The final financial performance based on financial statements may differ

Key Points

• The 2024-25 season overall was good from a financial perspective. From a milk production perspective it was a season of two halves.

 \bullet Milk production for the season is 1.2% up on last season but 5.7% behind budget.

• Rainfall for the season is 1000 mm which is well below the annual average.

• February and March were particularly dry and despite some rain in early April the drought didn't really break until the end of April.

• Total farm working expenses are about 4% below budget but will be up about \$0.10 per kg MS due to lower than budgeted milksolids.

• Milk price received will be about \$1.80/kg MS up on budget which offsets the lower milk production, so net Dairy Cash income is 14% up on

budget.

• Operating expenses of \$5.65/kg MS is good result considering how dry the autumn has been.

• Pasture cover and cow body condition score are on track to meet targets for planned start of calving.

Comments

Production for the season 126,978 kg MS compared with 125 434 last season. The budgeted Milksolids was quite optimistic so final season production was 5.7% below budget.

Peak cows milked is 286, just 4 less than budgeted, 285 were still milking at the end of December. The herd peaked at 2.04 kgMS/cow/day for the first week in October which is similar to last year.

The calving rate for the first 3 weeks was quicker than last season so the extra early days in milk has contributed to better milksolids to the end of January (up 5% on the previous season to date).

February to late April were particularly hot and dry and drought was declared in the area. As per usual the younger cows were milked once a day from early April.

There were 200 cows still milking in late April and the herd was dried off May 17th.

Supplements fed for the year will be 280 t PKE, (252 tDM), and 330 t DM maize silage and 31 t DM grass silage. This equates to 2,433 kg DM/cow which is up on last season. Most of the extra supplement fed was during the late summer and autumn.

Fertiliser and nitrogen applications are as per budget. Nitrogen applied for the year is 100 kg N/ha, (90kg N/ha on effluent area and 120 kg N/ha on non-effluent areas).

Total milk price this season, (advance plus deferred plus dividend), is expected to be about \$10.30/kg MS whereas the budget was based on \$8.50, so total milk income is up 14% on budget.

Total farm working expenses for the season are on track to be about 4% lower than budgeted. With 5.7% less production, FWE will be \$5.14/kg MS, about 2.5% up on the forecast of \$5.05.

With the feed adjustment, unpaid labour and depreciation taken into account the operating expenses are on track to be about \$5.65/kg MS, which is on a par with last season (\$5.71/kg MS).

Repairs and maintenance costs are up over 40%, (+\$6,000), as major cowshed under concrete work was needed.

Savings were made with reduced feed costs due to lower maize prices and less payments to the contract milker due to lower milk production.

Current situation

There are currently 299 MA cows and in-calf heifers on farm, all dry, which is 4.1 cows per ha. The 25 cows to go to winter grazing will leave on June 1st.

Pasture cover is 2,300 kg DM/ha and growth rates are still about 35-40 kg DM/ha/day. Supplements are still being feed to ensure liveweight gain on the lighter cows and that pasture cover continues to increase.

At the end of May there will still be 260 t DM of Maize silage and 15 t DM of silage to carry into the next season. This is within the normal range for the farm.

Calving and reproduction

• The calving rate for 2024-25 was 67% of the herd calved in 3 weeks, 87% in 6 weeks and 99% in 9 weeks. Last season was 62%, 87% and 95% respectively, so the first 3 weeks was faster than last year.

• The 3 week submission rate 86% which much higher than last season, (75%).

• The six week in calf rate is 69% (estimated), this a bit lower than last season (73% E).

• The not in calf rate pregnancy testing was 7% which is a very good result for this herd and a reflection of the much better cow condition at calving.

• 50 replacement calves were reared as there were fewer heifer calves born. This is below budget which was for 65 replacements.

Annual Cash Actuals updated May 2025

Name:	South Owner Waikato w	ith CM System 5		Budget Period 1 / 6	/ 2024 to 31 /	5 / 2025
Farm Details:						
Budget	134,700 kgMS	290 Cows	73.0 ha	464 kgMS/cow	1845 kgMS/ha	3.97 cows/ha
Farm Details:						
Budget/Actual	126,978 kgMS	286 cows	73.0 ha	444 kgMS/cow	1739 kgMS/ha	3.92 cows/ha
Variance (Actual						
less Budget)	-7,722 kgMS	-4 cows	ha	-21 kgMS/cow	-106 kgMS/ha	-0.05 cows/ha
Income				Budget	Budget/Actual	Variance
Net Milk Sales				\$1,144,850	\$1,307,634	\$162,784
Net Dairy livestoo	ck sales (calves + culls + oth	er - purchases)		\$57,200	\$67,206	\$10,006
Other dairy cash	income			\$14,050	\$13,780	-\$270
Net Dairy Cash	Income			\$1,216,100	\$1,388,620	\$172.520

Expenses	Budget	Budget/Actual	Variance
Wages	\$204,400	\$190,541	-\$13,859
Animal health	\$10,850	\$15,339	\$4,489
Breeding and herd improvement	\$20,000	\$19,363	-\$637
Farm dairy	\$6,000	\$883	-\$5,117
Electricity (farm dairy, water supply)			
Supplements made (incl. Contractors)	\$4,800	\$3,520	-\$1,280
Supplements purchased	\$233,700	\$222,396	-\$11,304
Calf rearing	\$10,400	\$8,612	-\$1,788
Young and dry stock grazing	\$79,200	\$77,881	-\$1,319
Winter cow grazing	\$5,600	\$6,375	\$775
Run-off lease			
Fertiliser (incl. N)	\$60,000	\$58,408	-\$1,592
Irrigation			
Regrassing and cropping			
Weed and pest			
Vehicles and fuel	\$4,300	\$2,032	-\$2,268
R&M (land, buildings, plant, machinery)	\$15,400	\$21,712	\$6,312
Freight and general farm expenses	\$3,400	\$2,527	-\$873
Administration e.g. accountant, consultant, phone	\$4,000	\$4,066	\$66
Insurance	\$7,550	\$7,599	\$49
ACC			
Rates	\$11,300	\$11,658	\$358
Other expenses			
Total Farm Working Expenses	\$680,900	\$652,912	-\$27,988

Cash Operating Surplus / Deficit	\$535,200	735,708	\$200,508
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Non Cash Adjustments	Budget	Actual	Variance
Value of change in livestock numbers	-\$1,100	-9,148	-8,048
Labour adjustment	\$3,500	3,500	
Less Feed inventory Adjustment		-9,500	-9,500
Owned support block adjustment			
Depreciation	\$55,000	52,000	-3,000
Dairy Gross Farm Revenue	\$1,215,000	\$1,379,472	\$164,472
Dairy Operating Expenses	\$739,400	\$717,912	-\$21,488
Dairy Operating Profit	\$475,600	\$661,560	\$185,960
Dairy Operating Profit/ha	\$6,515	\$9,062	\$2,547

Commentary re variance

	Actual to Budget Variance	
Milksolids	-7,722	Had budgeted high. Production was still 5% up on last season in mid-February but the very dry late summer and early autumn cut that advantage so the season ended 1.2% up on the previous year and 5.7% down on budget.
Cows	-4	Had a few more losses/early culls this year.
Hectares	0	
Net Milk Income	162784	Milk price is \$1.80/kgMS up on budget which has helped offset the lower milksolids.
Net Dairy livestock sales (calves + culls + other - purchases)	10006	With fewer empties this year, (7% not in calf rate), there have been more cull cows sold at a premium as in calf cows. Average cull/surplus cow price is about \$1,000. 10 beef calves were sold as feeder calves at 4 days old for \$100/hd rather than bobby price.
Other dairy income	-270	
Net Dairy Cash Income	172520	
Expenses		
Wages	-13859	Milksolids are down 5.7% on budget so payments to CM is down.
Animal health	4489	Carried out testing for Johnes that was not in the budget - fortunately not too many cows identified. Spent a lot more on metabolic treatments in September than was budgeted.
Breeding and herd improvement	-637	
Farm dairy	-5117	Original budget was based on last season which had high chiller repair costs. This has not been an issue so far this season.
Electricity (farm dairy, water supply)	0	
Supplements made (incl. Contractors)	-1280	Made a bit less silage this year, 11 ha, (22 t DM), the budget was for about 30 t DM.
Supplements purchased	-11304	The quantity of supplements purchased is on target as per budget although more maize silage was purchased and less PKE. The cost of maize was only \$317/t DM in the stack as harvesting costs were lower this season, (budget was \$340/t DM).
Calf rearing	-1788	
Young and dry stock grazing	-1319	Fewer weaners at grazing as only 50 heifer calves were born/reared compared with 60 in the budget.
Winter cow grazing	775	The 25 cows at winter grazing had an extra 6 days away as there was plenty of feed at the winter grazing.
Run-off lease	0	
Fertiliser (incl. N)	-1592	
Irrigation	0	

Regrassing and cropping	0	
Weed and pest	0	
Vehicles and fuel	-2268	No unforeseen repairs needed on tractors.
R&M (land, buildings, plant, machinery)	6312	Major repairs were required to fix the effluent pipe infrastructure under the concrete at the cowshed.
Freight and general farm expenses	-873	
Administration e.g. accountant, consultant, phone	66	
Insurance	49	
ACC	0	
Rates	358	
Other Expenses	0	
Total Farm Working Expenses	-27988	
Total Farm Working Expenses	-27988	
Total Farm Working Expenses Non Cash adjustments	-27988	
Non Cash adjustments	-27988 -8048	With less calves reared there are 15 fewer R 1 on hand than originally budgeted. These are valued at IRD 2025 NAMV which significantly higher than the 2024 values - nearly 50% higher for R 1 heifers.
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