

Comparative stocking rate

(kgLWT/tDM)

Step One: Calculate kg LWT/ha

Total number of cows milked at peak = _____	=	_____	a
Farm area (effective area) = _____ ha	=	_____ ha	b
Cow liveweight (average) = _____ kg	=	_____ kg	c
		a ÷ b x c = _____ kgLWT/ha	(A)

Step Two: Calculate tDM available/ha

Pasture produced on milking area	=	_____ DM/Ha
Adjustment for non-ryegrass species _____ tDM/ha x _____ %	=	_____ DM/Ha
Nitrogen fertiliser used (calculate below)	=	_____ DM/Ha
_____ t Urea x 46% x 1000 kg x 10kgDM divided by farm area OR _____ kg N/ha used x 10 kgDM/kgN		
Total pasture grown (effective area)		= _____ DM/Ha
Imported feed		
_____ bales baleage x _____ bale equivalents x 18kg DM / farm area	=	_____ DM/Ha
_____ m3 silage x _____ kg DM/m3 / farm area	=	_____ DM/Ha
_____ bales hay x _____ bale equivalents x 15kg DM / farm area	=	_____ DM/Ha
_____ days grazing off x _____ cows x _____ kg DM/cow/day / farm area	=	_____ DM/Ha
_____ Ha crop x _____ tonnes (crop yield) x 1000 / farm area	=	_____ DM/Ha
_____ tonnes meal x 1000kg x 85% / farm area	=	_____ DM/Ha
Other purchased feeds		
_____ / farm area	=	_____ DM/Ha
_____ / farm area	=	_____ DM/Ha
Total imported feed		= _____ DM/Ha

tDM Available = (Total pasture grown + Total imported feed)	=	_____ tDM/ha (B)
1000 kg		

Step Three: Young stock adjustment

_____ calves x 3.4.0DM/day x _____ days / farm area	=	_____
_____ heifers x 6.7.0DM/day x _____ days / farm area	=	_____
Total feed used by young stock ÷ 1000 kg		= _____ tDM/ha (C)

Step Four: Divide kgLWT/ha by tDM/ha

kg LWT/ha = _____	=	_____ (A)
tDM available/ha = _____	=	_____ (B)
Young stock adjustment = _____	=	_____ (C)
Net feed for dairy production (B - C)	=	_____ (D)
Comparative stocking rate (A ÷ D)		= _____ kgLWT/tDM